

STATEWIDE ALMOND ACREAGE MAPPING AND SUMMARY

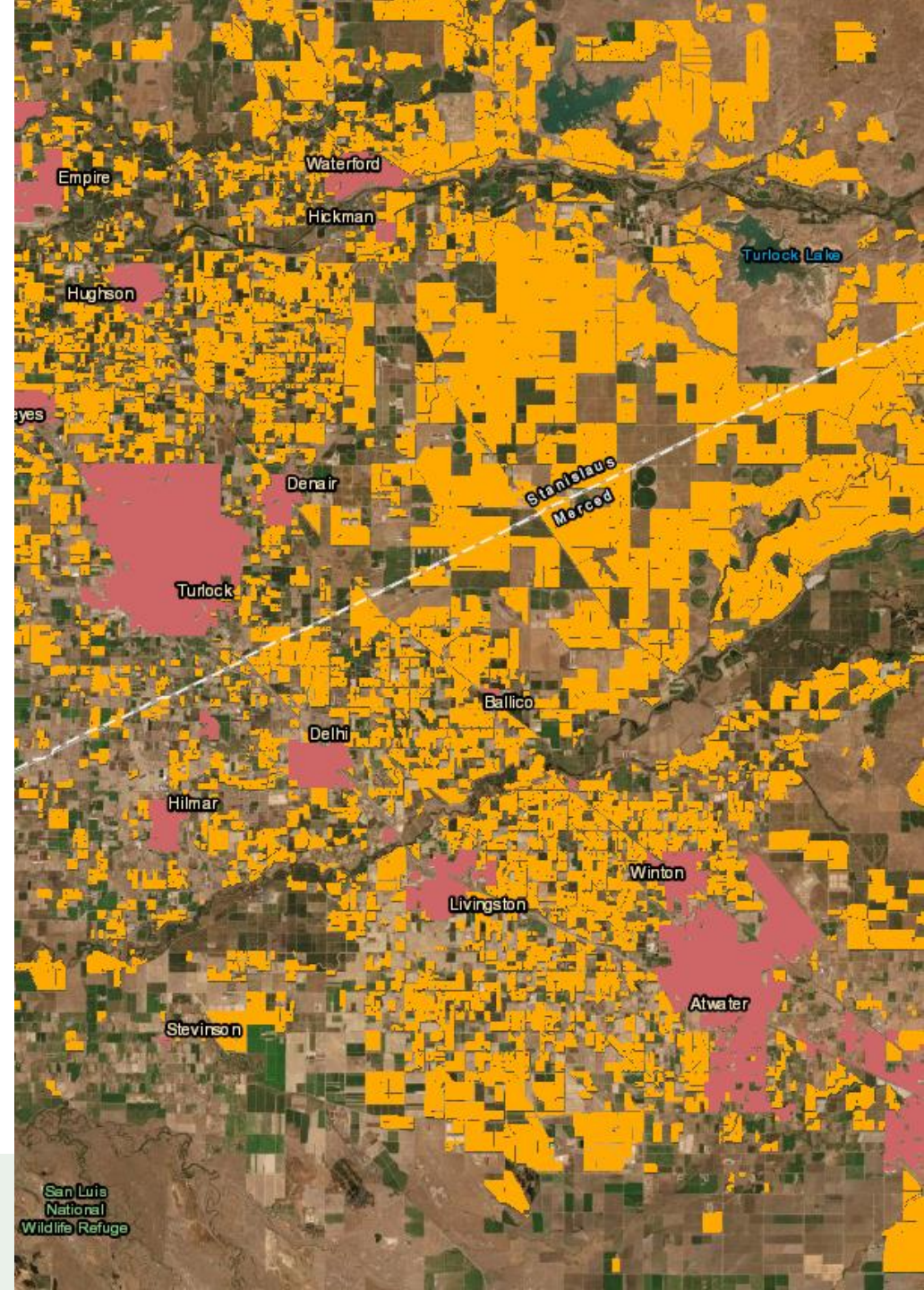


**American Society
of Farm Managers
& Rural Appraisers**
CALIFORNIA CHAPTER

MAY 20, 2021

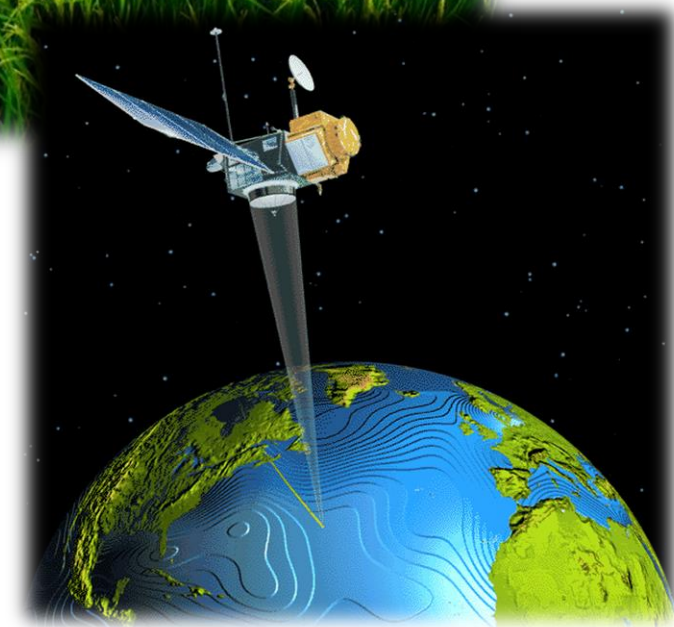
DISCUSSION TOPICS

- Land IQ background
- How this all started: the grower-driven interest
- Historical summary on mapping almonds and determining acreage
- Why spatial mapping is important?
- Applications of the data
- Where can you access the numerical and spatial information?
- The future impacts of SGMA: What do we really know?



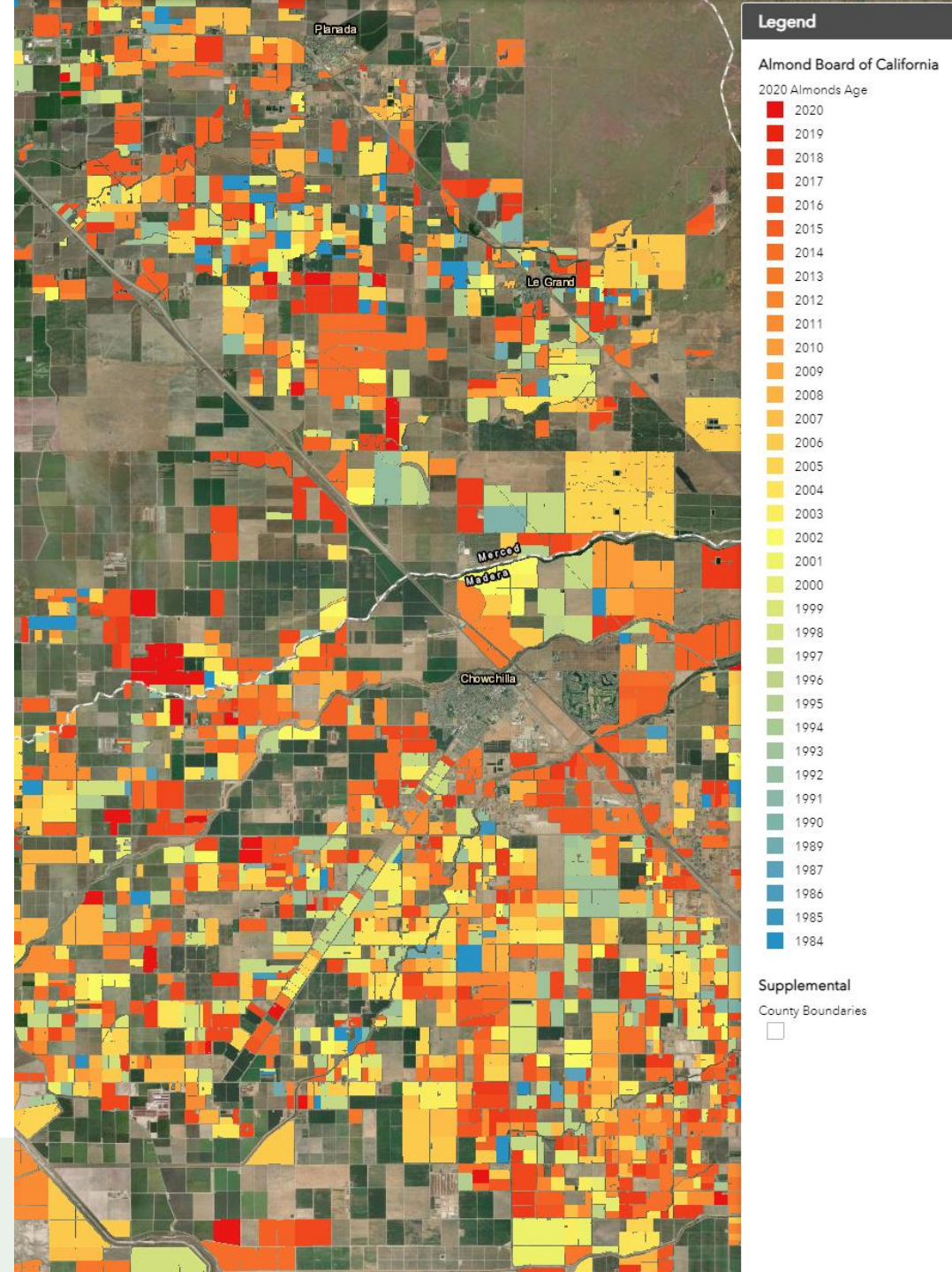
LAND IQ TECHNICAL DISCIPLINES

- Land-Based Scientists - Agricultural
 - Land use mapping and crop consumptive use
 - Crop production and nutrient management
 - Agricultural water quality and quantity evaluation
 - Salinity management
 - Agricultural reuse
 - Regulatory support
 - Land stabilization and erosion control
- Spatial Scientists - Remote Sensing and GIS
 - Consumptive use estimation and crop identification
 - Large landscape evaluations
 - Irrigation and drainage
 - Production agriculture



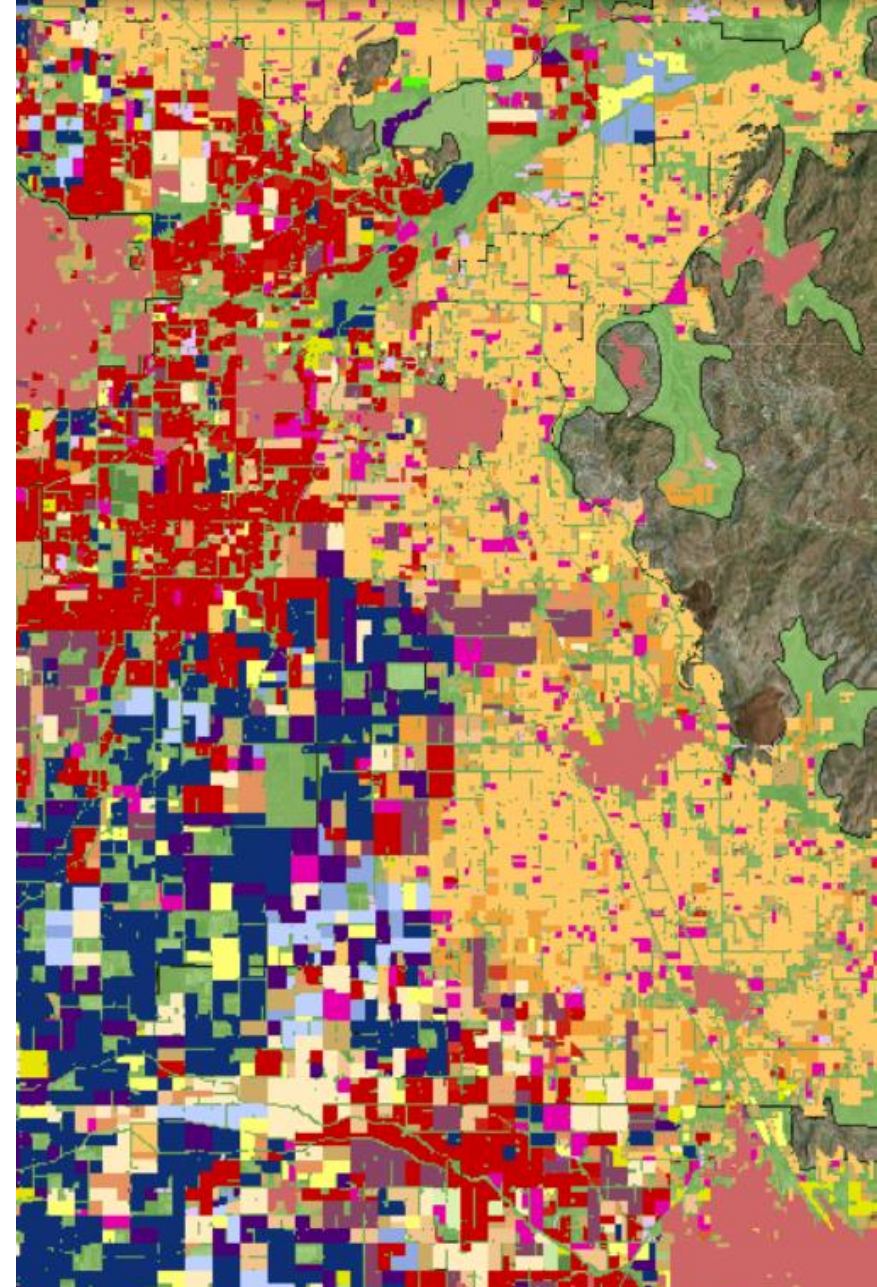
HOW THIS ALL STARTED

- Started back in 2011
- Land IQ was doing some other “spatial” work for the ABC
- During a time of rapid almond acreage growth
- Growers on the Board of the ABC suspected acreage was too low
- “I think I’m a good farmer, but I can’t even achieve reported average yields.” (pounds/acre)

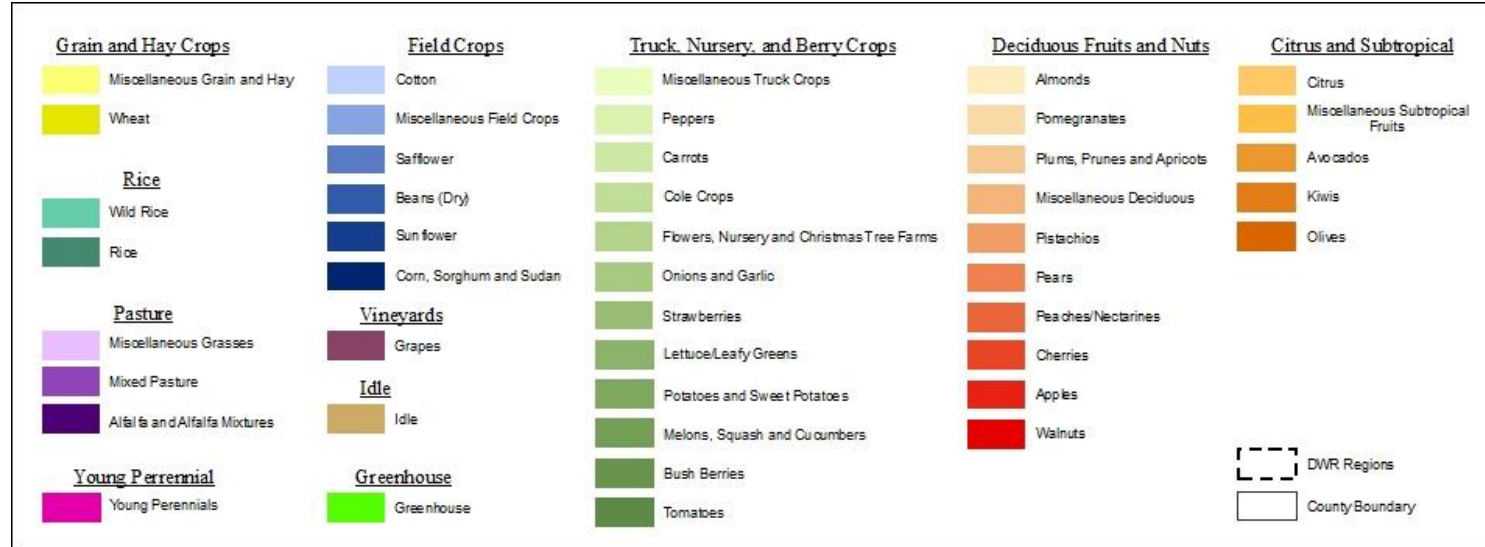
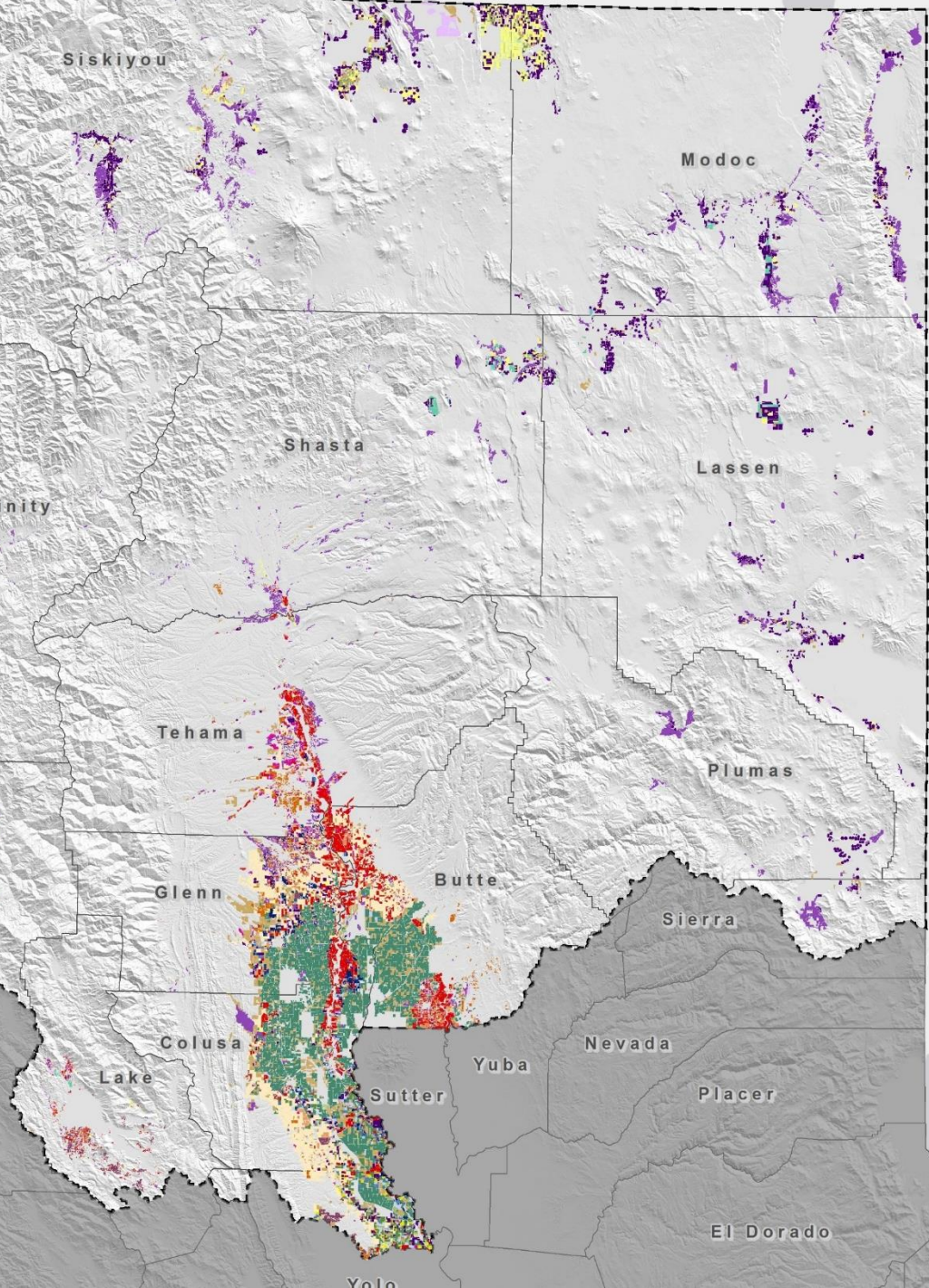


STATEWIDE LAND USE

- Minimum field size of 2.0 acres – many times less
- Over 15,000 miles of ground truthing each year
- Overall accuracy of 97.6% (2016) based on independent ground-truth validation dataset
- Approximately 50 crop legend categories, which represent 98% of all irrigated lands
- Cross-walked with DWR legend



CA - DWR NORTHERN REGION

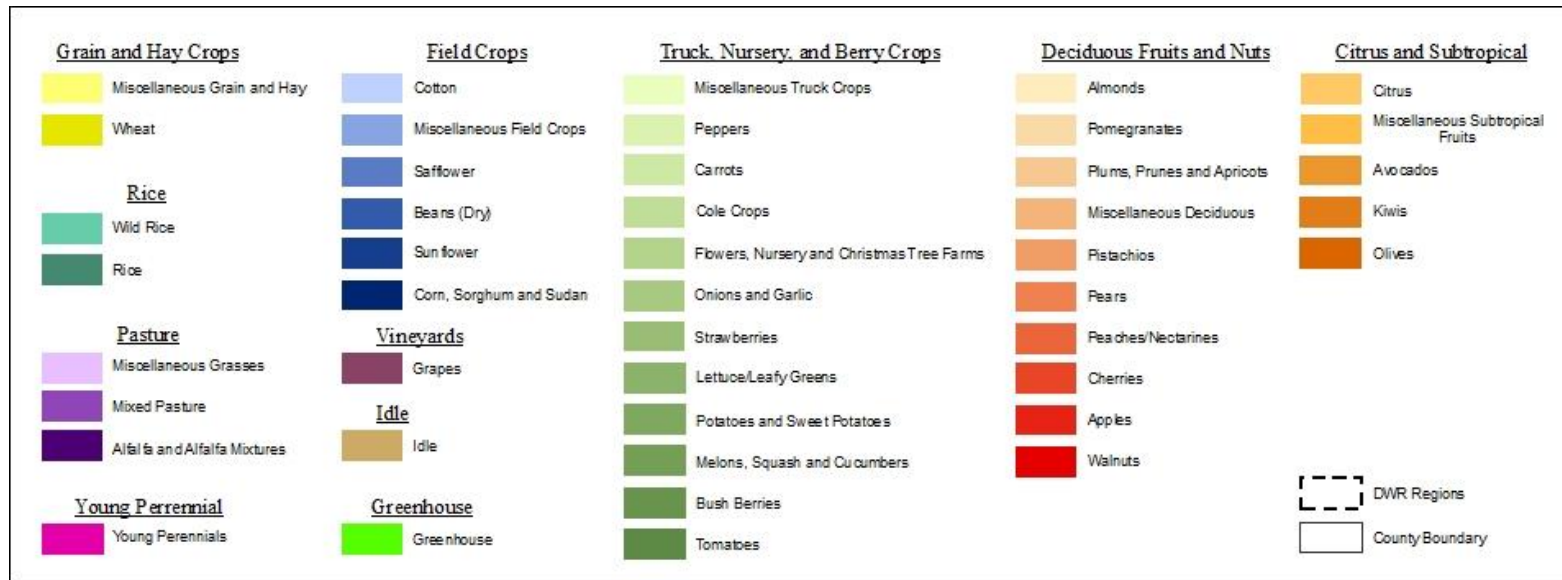
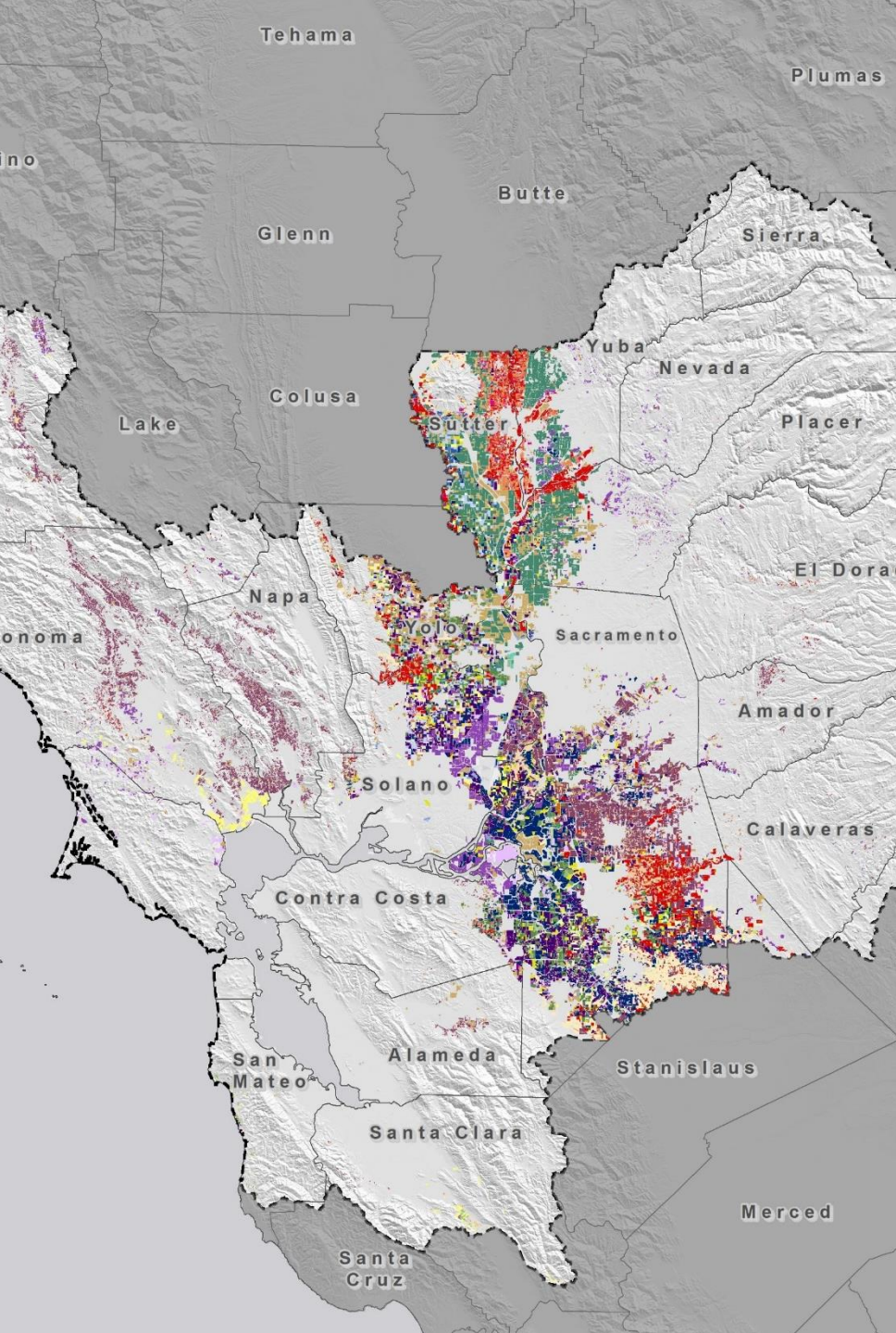


• Major crops include:

- Rice, Walnuts, Almonds, Alfalfa, Mixed Pasture, Prunes, Grapes, Olives
- Total Irrigated & Idle Land = 1,492,979



CA - DWR NORTH CENTRAL REGION

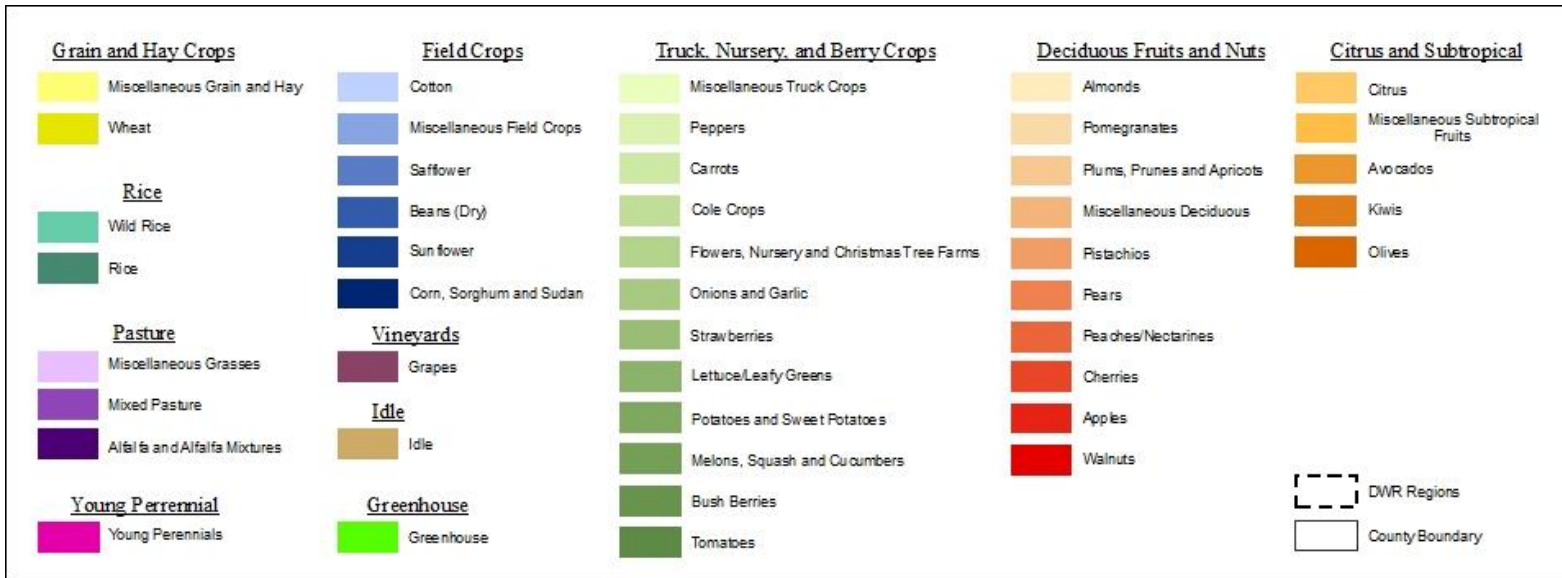
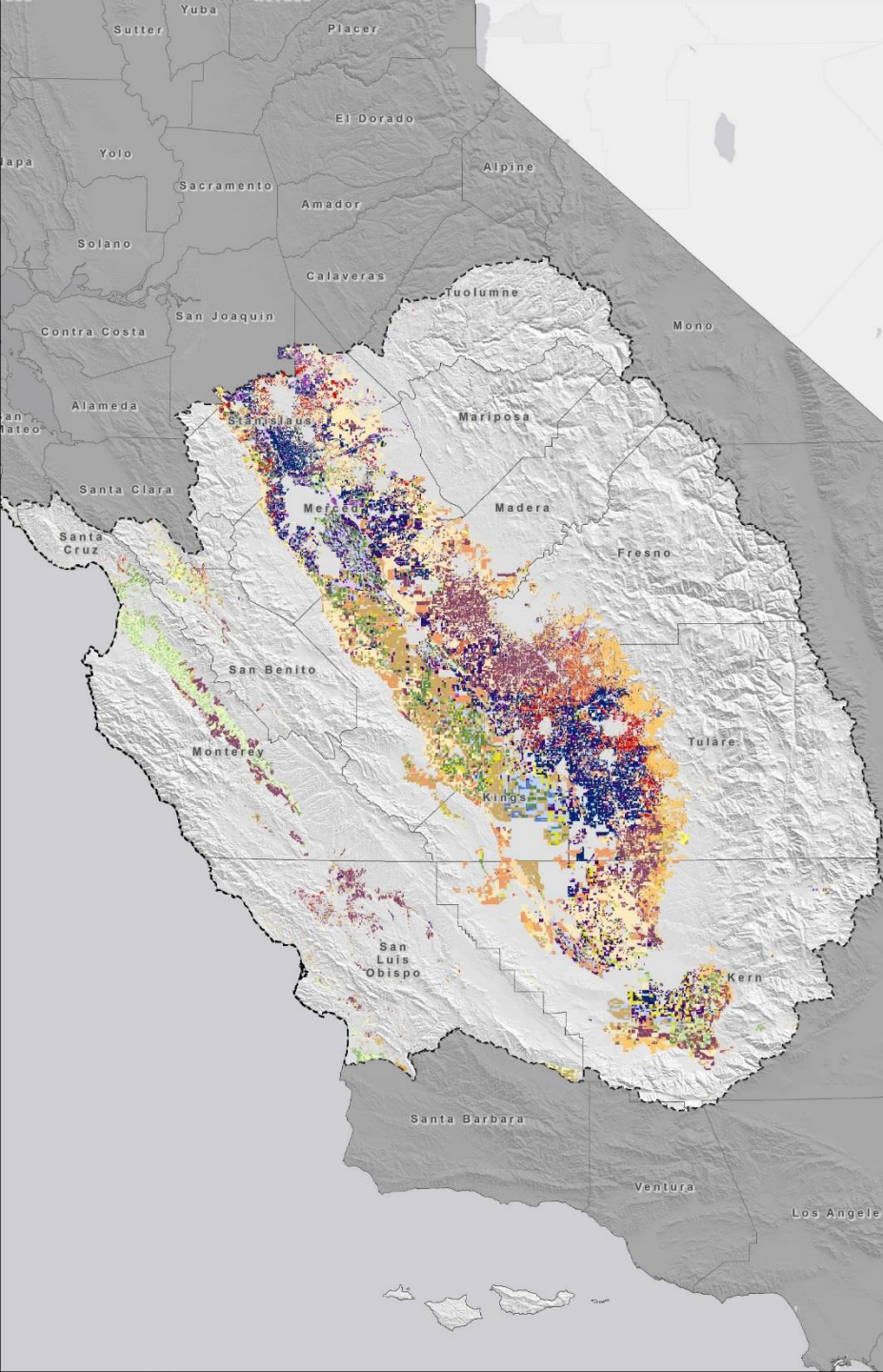


- Major crops include:

- Grapes, Almonds, Walnuts, Corn, Alfalfa, Tomatoes, Mixed Pasture, Fallow
- Total Irrigated & Idle Land = 1,664,941 acres



CA – DWR SOUTH CENTRAL REGION

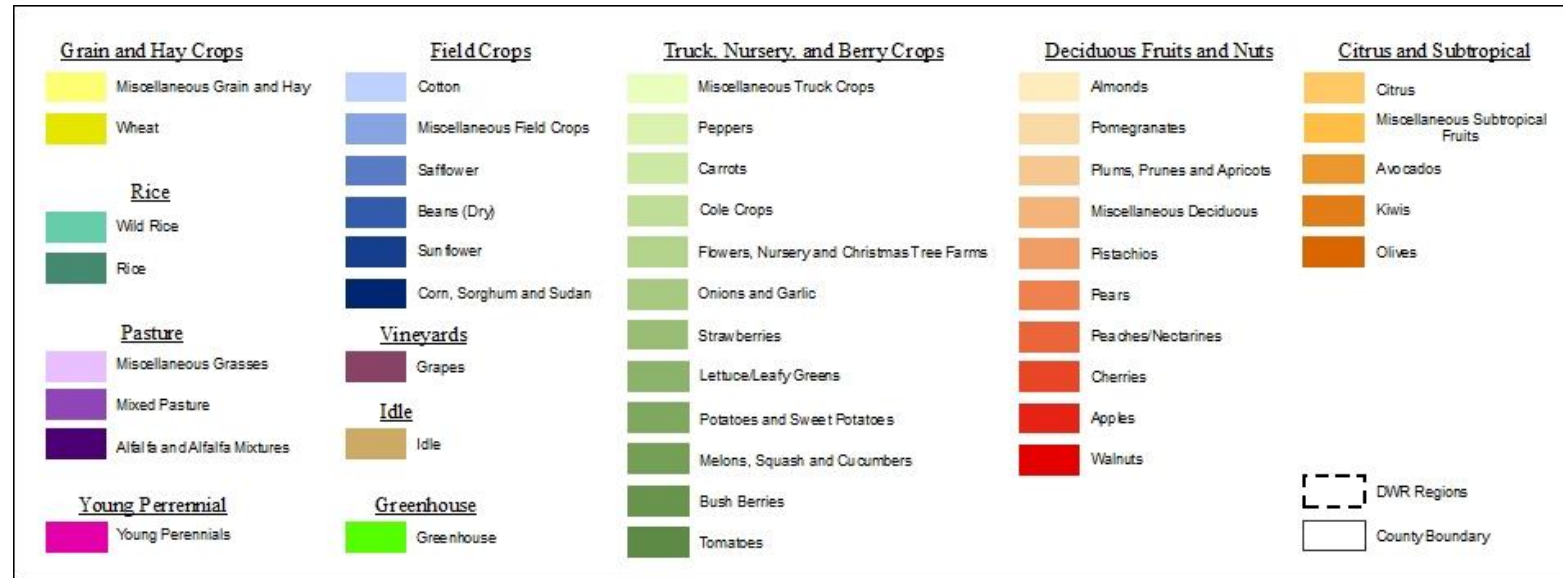
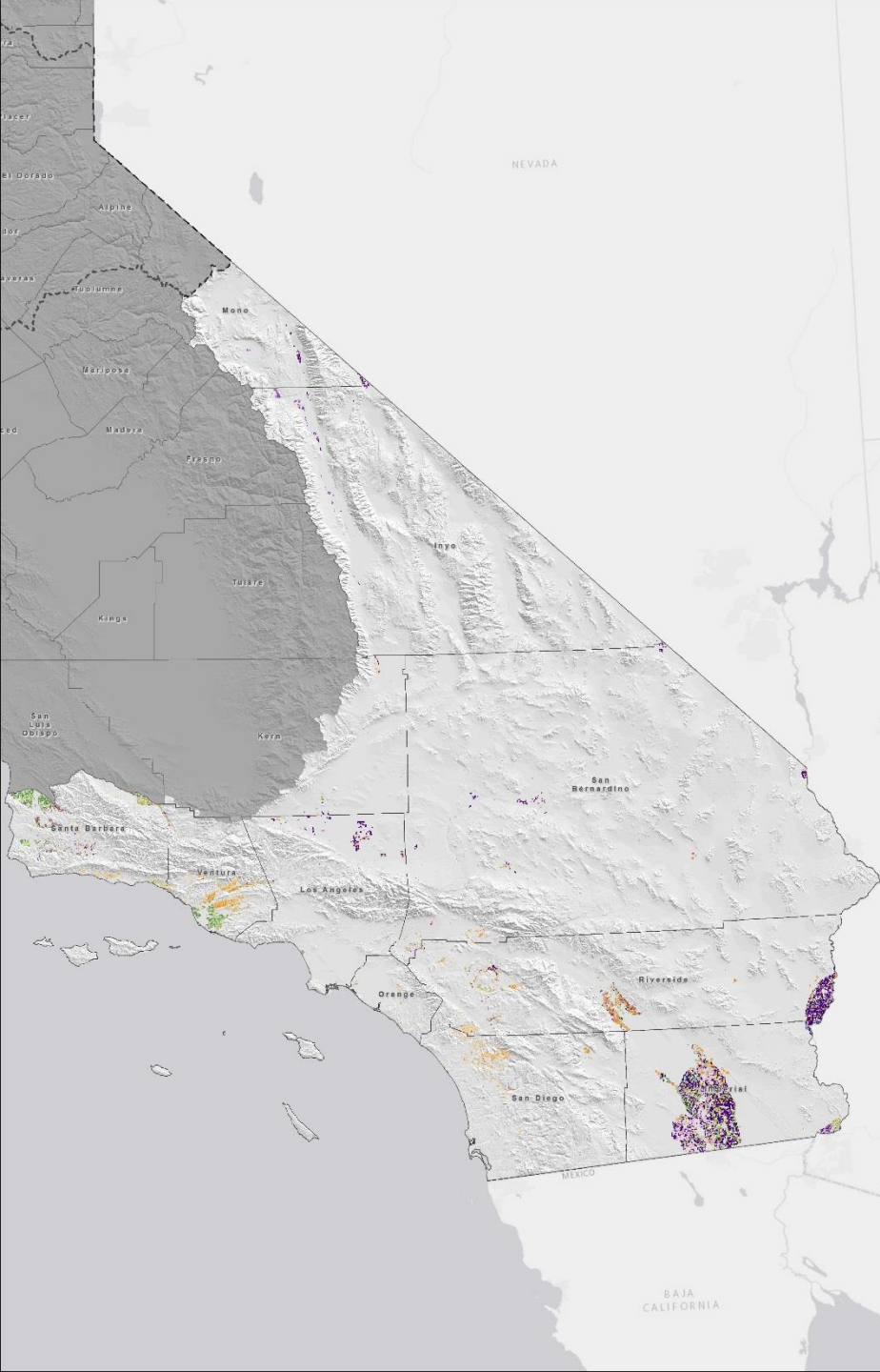


• Major crops include:

- Grapes, Almonds, Pistachios, Citrus, Walnuts, Corn, Sorghum, Cotton, Alfalfa, Tomatoes, Wheat, Fallow
- Total Irrigated & Idle Land = 4,829,004 acres



CA – DWR SOUTHERN REGION



- Major crops include:

- Alfalfa, Citrus, Avocados, Cole Crops, Lettuce/Leafy Greens, Carrots, Truck Crops, Strawberries

- Total Irrigated & Idle Land = 949,504 acres



Table 9. WY 2018 Statewide Land Use Mapping Accuracy and Precision by Crop

Crop Class	User's Accuracy (Number of correctly classified acres/total acres)	Number of Groundtruth (Reference Sample Acres)	95% Two- tailed Confidence Interval
Almonds	100%	74,441	0%
Cherries	100%	10,940	0%
Dates	100%	12,575	0%
Kiwis	100%	183	0%
Olives	100%	2,886	0%
Pistachios	100%	16,243	0%
Rice	100%	862	0%
Young Perennials	100%	26,210	0%
Plums, Prunes and Apricots	100%	22,648	0%
Sunflowers	100%	29,491	0%
Walnuts	100%	40,315	0%
Pomegranates	100%	2,572	0%
Grapes	99%	3,635	0%
Citrus	99%	3,010	0%
Tomatoes	99%	35,209	0%
Cotton	99%	3,730	0%
Peaches/Nectarines	98%	12,478	0%
Mixed Pasture	97%	27,851	0%
Corn, Sorghum and Sudan	97%	37,381	0%
Potatoes or Sweet Potatoes	97%	1,416	0%
Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures	96%	393	0%
Miscellaneous Field Crops	96%	1,760	0%
Avocados	96%	2,565	0%
Unclassified Fallow	96%	4,052	0%
Carrots	96%	606	0%
Beans (Dry)	95%	2,580	0%
Bush Berries	95%	5,847	0%
Onions and Garlic	95%	2,716	0%
Pears	94%	4,128	0%
Melons, Squash and Cucumbers	92%	1,998	0%
Miscellaneous Grain and Hay	92%	2,617	0%
Safflower	91%	12,429	0%
Strawberries	91%	7,179	0%
Apples	89%	11,615	0%
Lettuce/Leafy Greens	85%	4,297	0%
Peppers	82%	6,713	0%
Flowers, Nursery and Christmas Tree Farms	80%	265	0%
Cole Crops	79%	766	0%
Miscellaneous Truck Crops	71%	622	0%
Miscellaneous Grasses	67%	1,469	0%
Miscellaneous Deciduous	58%	333	0%
Miscellaneous Subtropical Fruits	48%	32	0%

STATEWIDE ACCURACIES

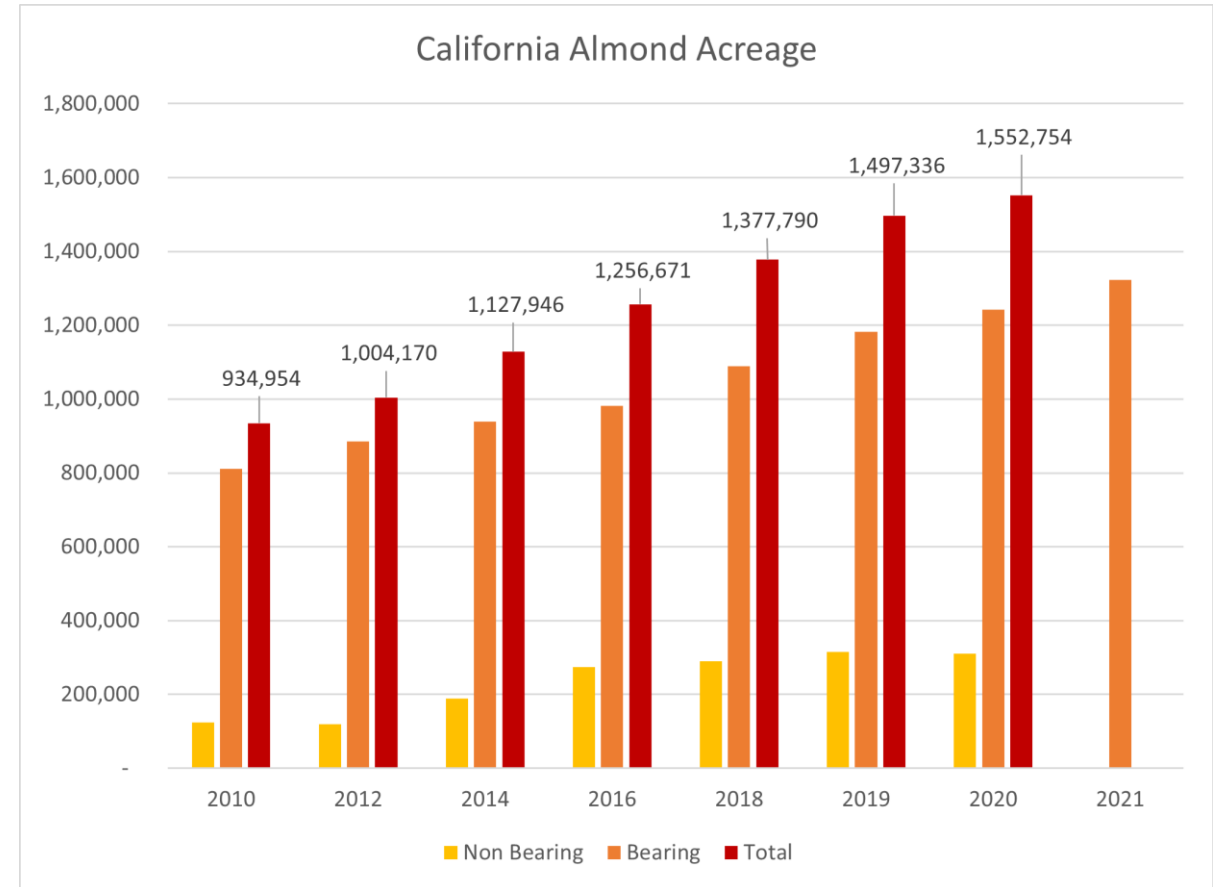
- Overall accuracy of 97.6% based on independent ground-truth validation dataset for specific crop type.
- Overall accuracy of 98.3% based on independent ground-truth validation dataset for grouped crop type.
- Mapping completed for 2014, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020
- No crop is ever 100% accurate – including almonds

Reference	Predicted											Total Acres	Correct Acres	Incorrect Acres	% Correct	Commission Error
		Citrus and Subtropical	Deciduous Fruits and Nuts	Field Crops	Grain and Hay Crops	Pasture	Rice	Truck, Nursery and Berry Crops	Unclassified	Vineyard	Young Perennial					
	Citrus and Subtropical	16,000	1	-	-	-	-	8	65	-	-	16,074	16,000	74	99.5%	0.5%
	Deciduous Fruits and Nuts	9	122,914	-	-	-	-	-	214	3	35	123,175	122,914	261	99.8%	0.2%
	Field Crops	-	5	57,185	-	560	-	668	21	-	-	58,439	57,185	1,254	97.9%	2.1%
	Grain and Hay Crops	-	-	258	37,201	159	-	683	1,456	-	-	39,757	37,201	2,556	93.6%	6.4%
	Pasture	-	-	393	309	38,115	-	7	317	-	-	39,141	38,115	1,026	97.4%	2.6%
	Rice	-	-	-	-	-	26,210	-	-	-	-	26,210	26,210	-	100.0%	0.0%
	Truck, Nursery and Berry Crops	3	-	335	118	176	-	62,335	19	23	1	63,010	62,335	675	98.9%	1.1%
	Unclassified	-	46	-	-	1,070	-	7	35,873	188	196	37,380	35,873	1,507	96.0%	4.0%
	Vineyard	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	80	29,320	74	29,479	29,320	159	99.5%	0.5%
	Young Perennial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,128	4,128	4,128	-	100.0%	0.0%
	Total Acres	16,012	122,966	58,171	37,628	40,085	26,210	63,708	38,045	29,534	4,434	436,793				
	Correct Acres	16,000	122,914	57,185	37,201	38,115	26,210	62,335	35,873	29,320	4,128		429,281			
	Incorrect Acres	12	52	986	427	1,970	-	1,373	2,172	214	306			7,512		
	% Correct	99.9%	100.0%	98.3%	98.9%	95.1%	100.0%	97.8%	94.3%	99.3%	93.1%				98.3%	
	Commission Error	0.1%	0.0%	1.7%	1.1%	4.9%	0.0%	2.2%	5.7%	0.7%	6.9%					

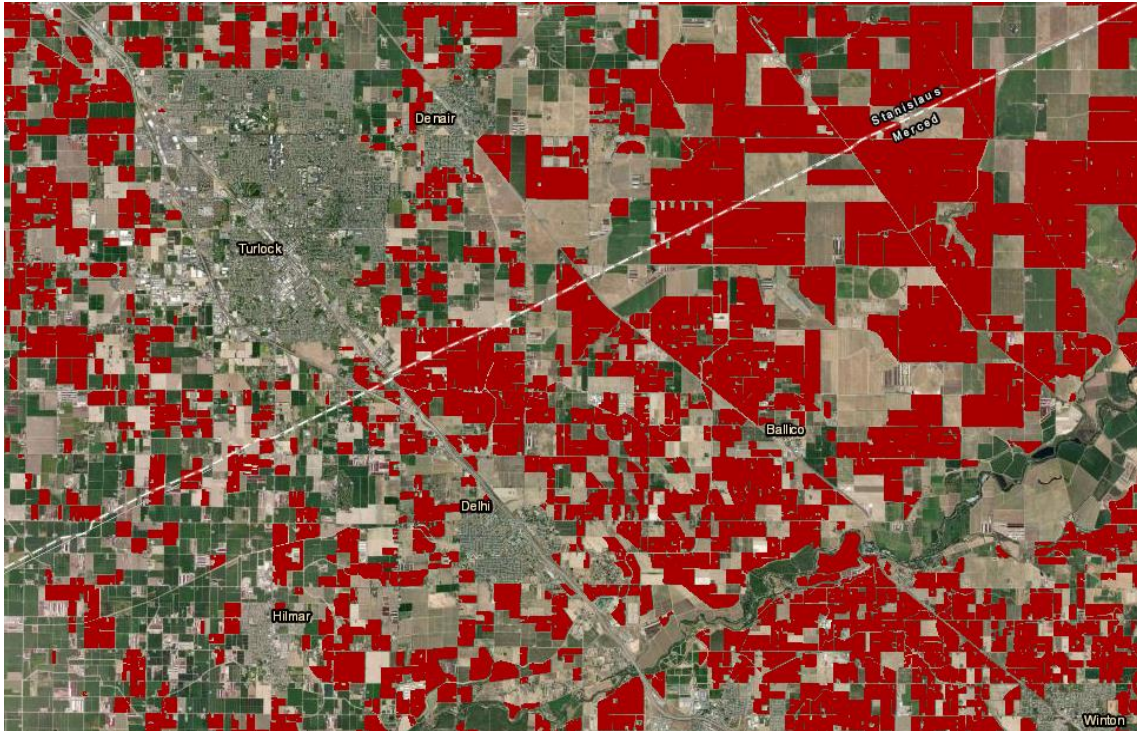
DEMONSTRATION OF MAPPING

ALMOND ACREAGE BY YEAR

- Land IQ mapping acreage
- Helped USDA NASS readjust their estimates
- Steady increase over time
- Flattening of non-bearing?
- Increase of removals?
- Find the information!

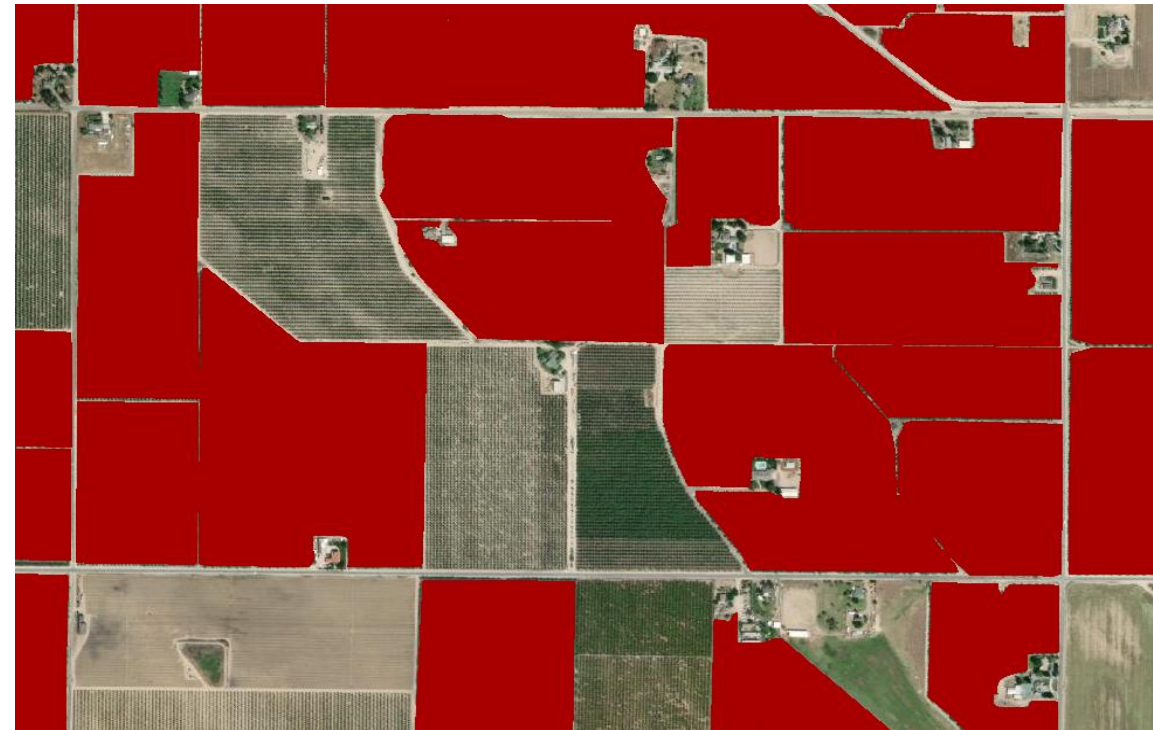


ALMOND MAPPING - EXAMPLES



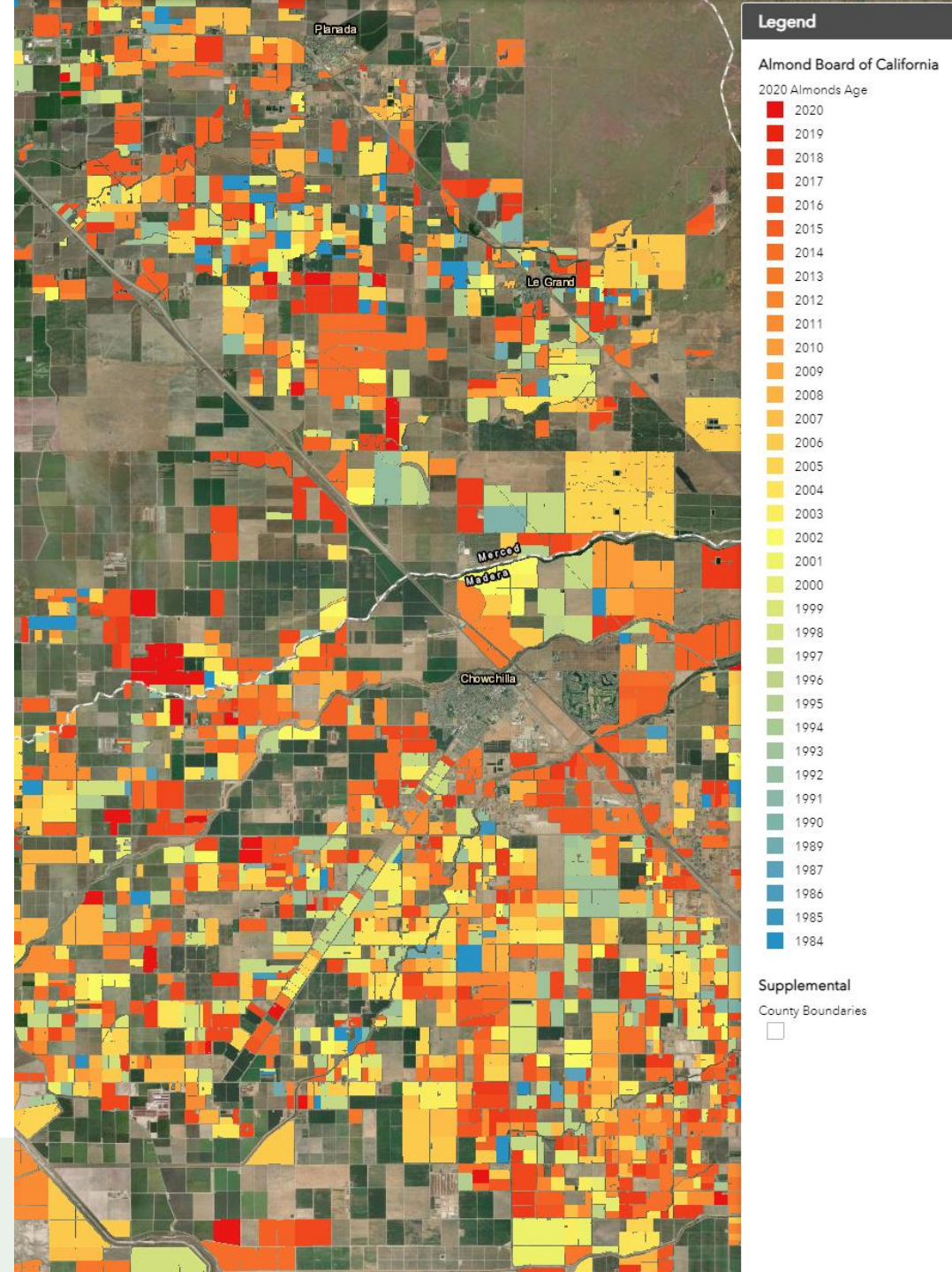
- Variety of uses:
 - Water management
 - Regulatory compliance
 - Real estate understanding
 - Production planning
 - Proximity to other crops/areas

- Mapping characteristics:
 - Minimum field size of 2.0 acres – many times less
 - Overall accuracy for almonds is about 99%
 - The irrigated footprint of the orchard only – not parcel boundary

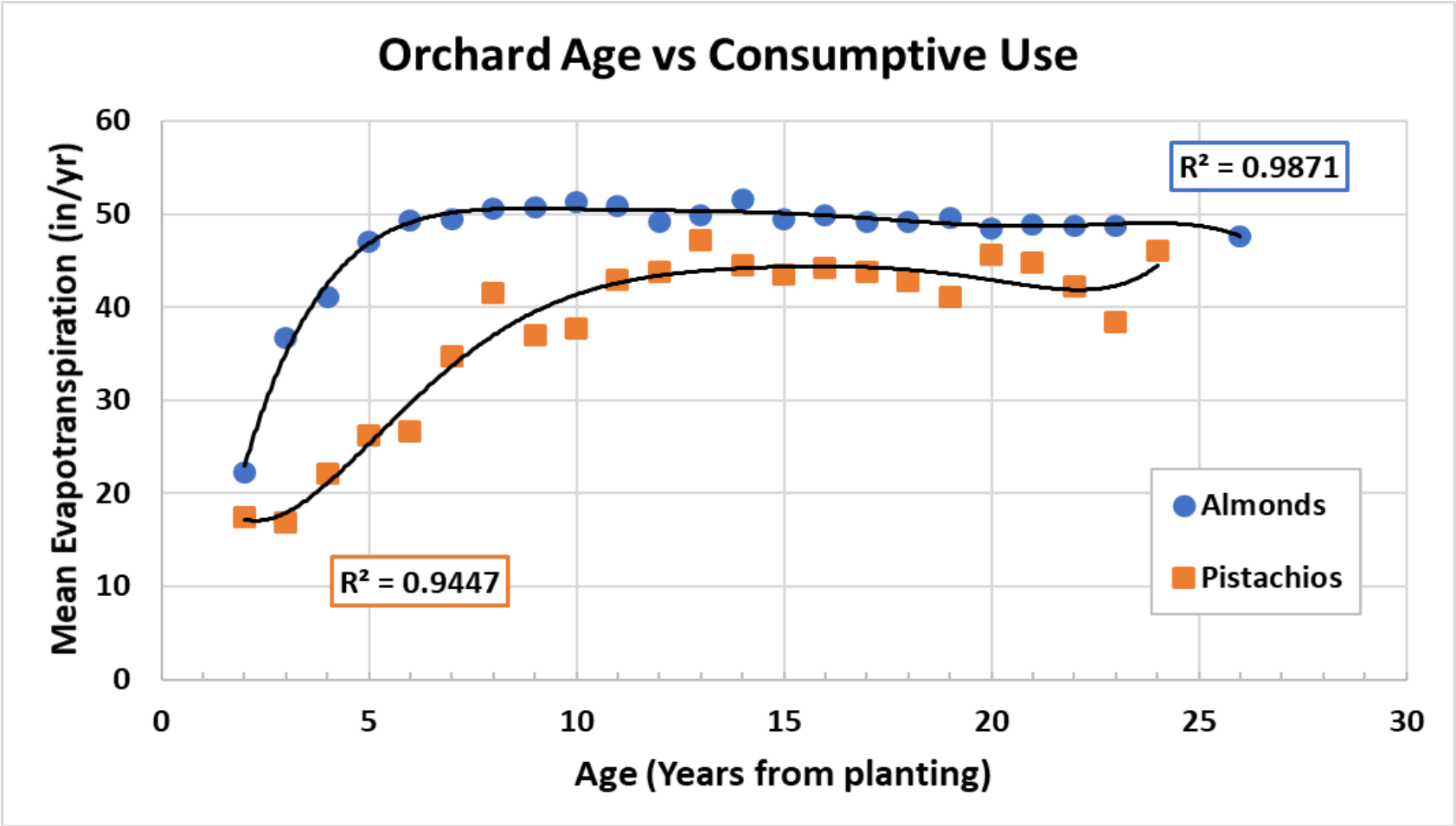


APPLICATION - ALMOND AGE

- Stated back in 2011
- Land IQ was doing some other “spatial” work for the ABC
- During a time of rapid almond acreage growth
- Growers on the Board of the ABC suspected acreage was too low
- “I think I’m a good farmer, but I can’t even achieve reported average yields.” (pounds/acre)



APPLICATION – ALMOND WATER USE

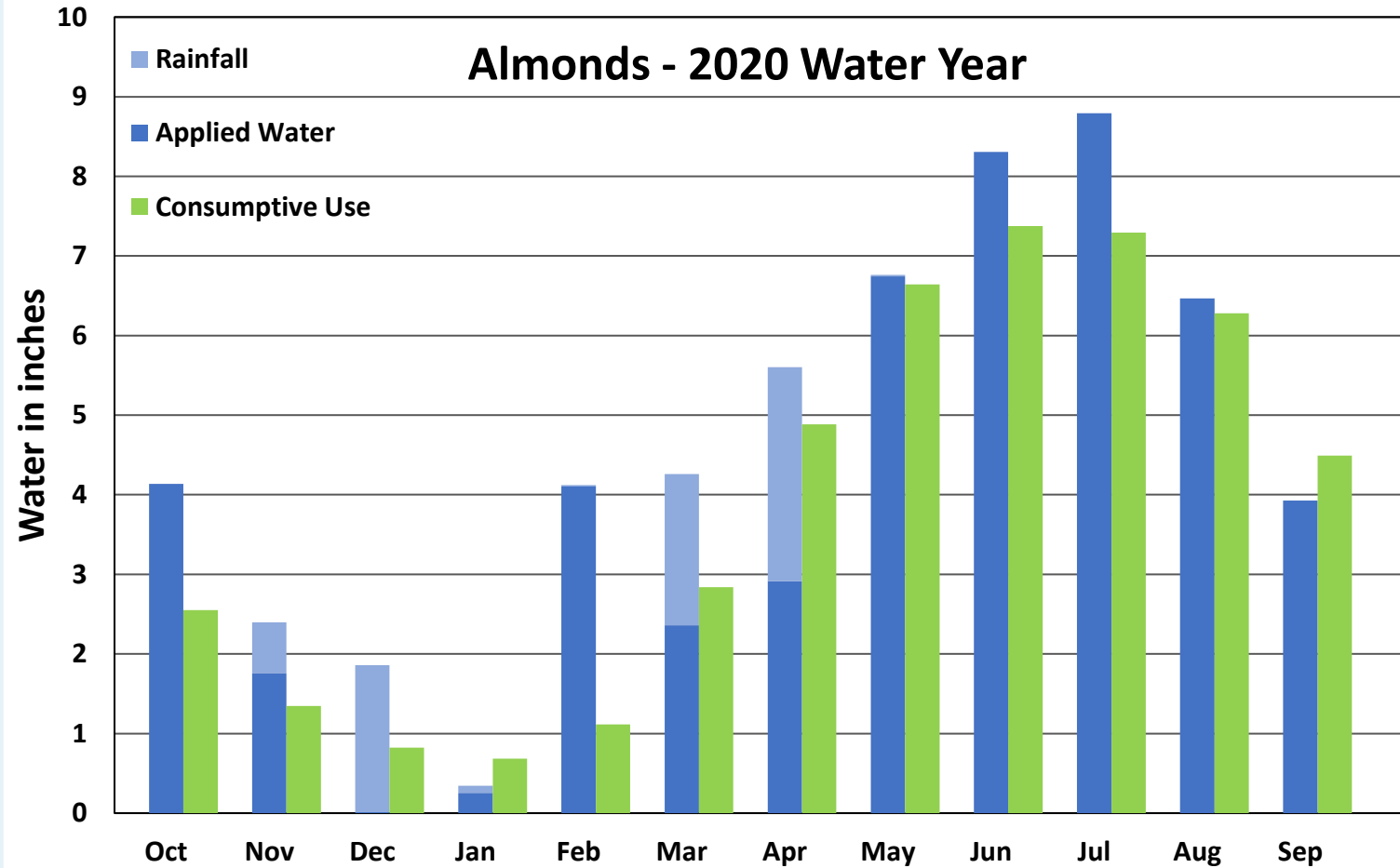


Orchard age versus consumptive use in for all almond and pistachio orchards in multiple GSAs.

The analysis starts at year two to ensure that fields were not partially planted.

APPLICATION – ALMOND WATER USE

- Understanding of on-the-ground agronomics and irrigation management



- Oct - Post harvest irrigation
- Feb - Filling the root zone
- Mar/Apr – Taking advantage of rainfall
- Aug/Sep - Reducing irrigation during harvest

WATER BLUEPRINT FOR THE SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY

- Economic impact study for critically over-drafted groundwater basins
- Critically over-drafted groundwater basins south of Sacramento
- Results:
 - \$7.2 billion in annual farm revenue loss
 - 85,000 jobs lost statewide
 - \$2.1 billion in annual lost employee compensation statewide
 - Up to 1.0 million acres will likely go fallow in the south valley due to reduced ground- and surface water supplies
 - 4 counties will see the largest losses in employment and compensation
 - Fresno
 - Tulare
 - Kern
 - Kings



ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

- With the implementation of SGMA:
 - Water markets will surface
 - A shift to more permanent crops may occur
 - Resulting in an increased hard water demand

Economic Analysis of the 2015 Drought For California Agriculture



Richard Howitt
Duncan MacEwan
Josué Medellín-Azuara
Jay Lund
Daniel Sumner

UC Davis Center for Watershed Sciences
ERA Economics
UC Agricultural Issues Center

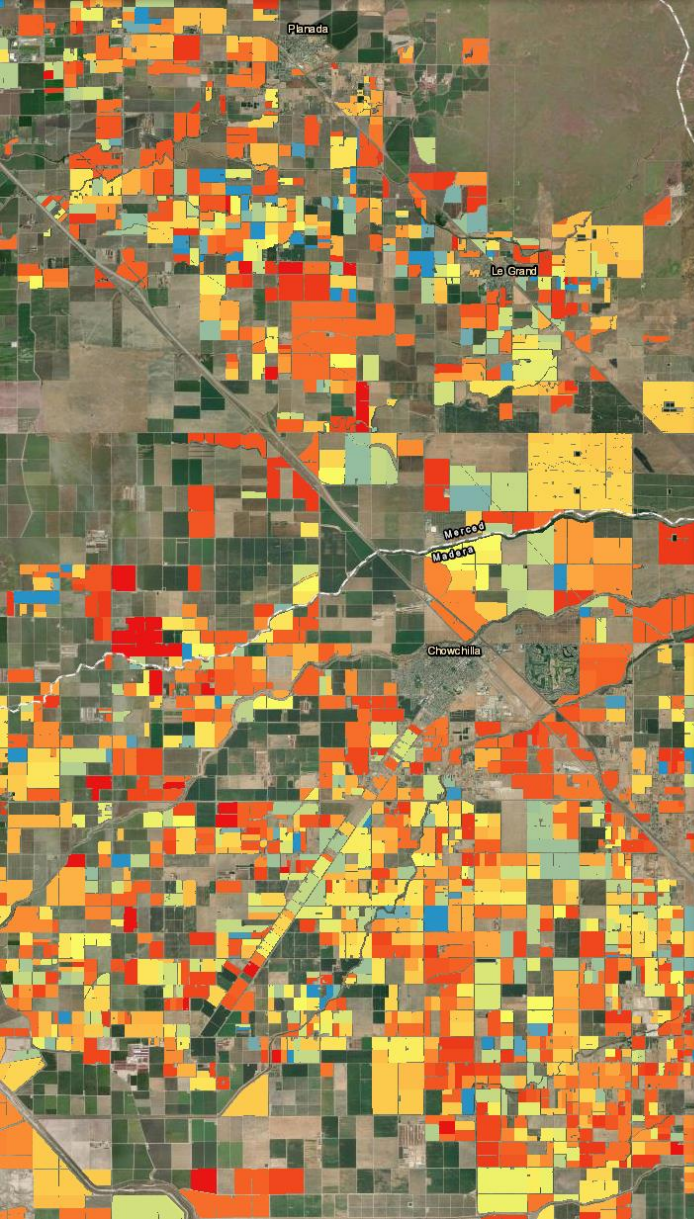
August 17, 2015

Funded by
California Department of Food and Agriculture
University of California – Davis

With assistance from California Department of Water Resources

CONCLUSIONS

- Agriculture statewide has never been this dynamic
 - Water quantity issues
 - Water quality issues
 - Regulatory issues
 - Labor issues
 - Trade and economic issues
 - Air quality issues
- SGMA is the biggest game changer
- Almond production has increased steadily for years. Will it continue?



MANY THANKS TO THE ASFMRA

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